



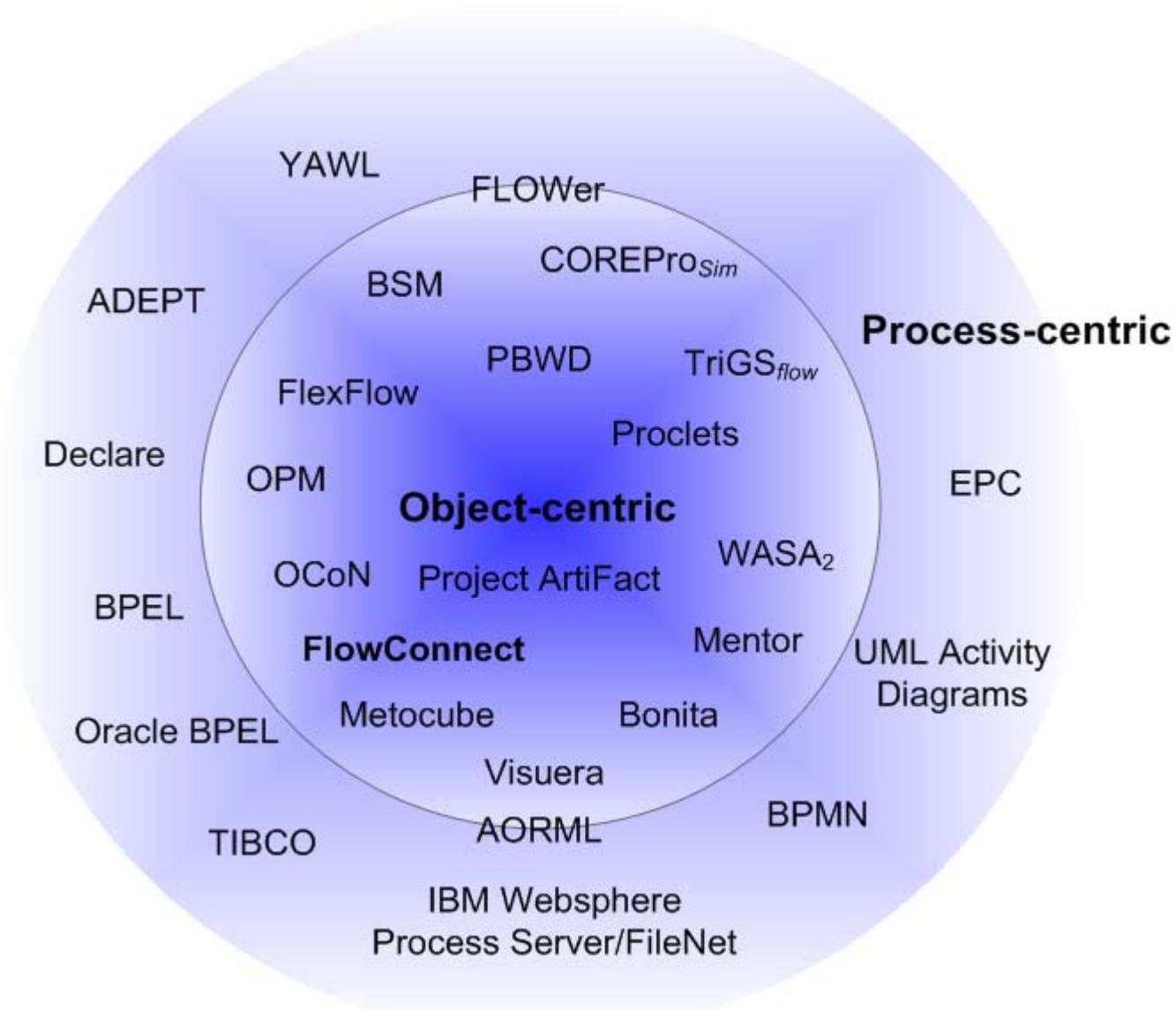
# Flexible Artifact-Centric Process Models

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# Activity-Centric vs. Artifact-Centric



# Background: FlowConnect

- Small BPM solution provider (ca. 15 people)
- Over many years, it has built a workflow engine based on *business objects* (artifacts)
- At design level, processes are informally captured as interconnected state machines
- At the implementation level, state machines are encoded in relational tables
- Manual design-to-implementation conversion
- Needs a more formalised design language

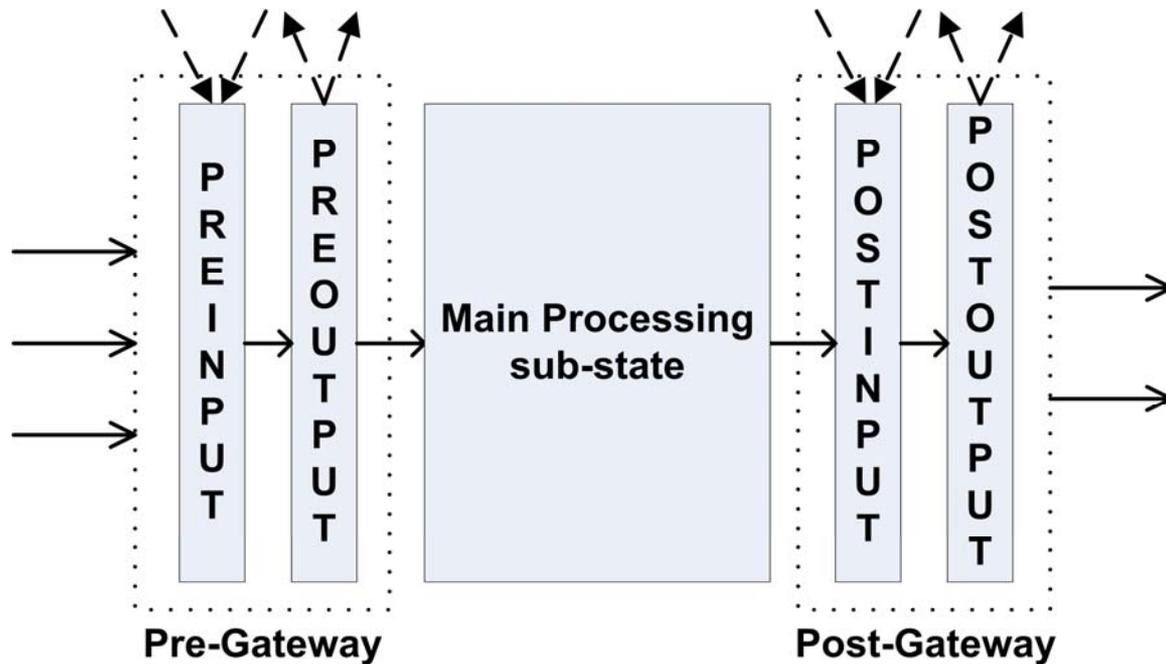
# Base FlowConnect Model

- Object model = set of object types
- Object behavior = state machine where:
  - Transitions are labelled with ECA rules
  - States contain one or multiple tasks
  - States have input/output gateways for inter-object communication
- Signals
  - Spawn signals ( $1..1$ ,  $0..1$ ,  $1..n$ ,  $0..n$ )
  - Messages
  - Return signals
- Signals are buffered



# Base FlowConnect Model (cont.)

- Structure of a state



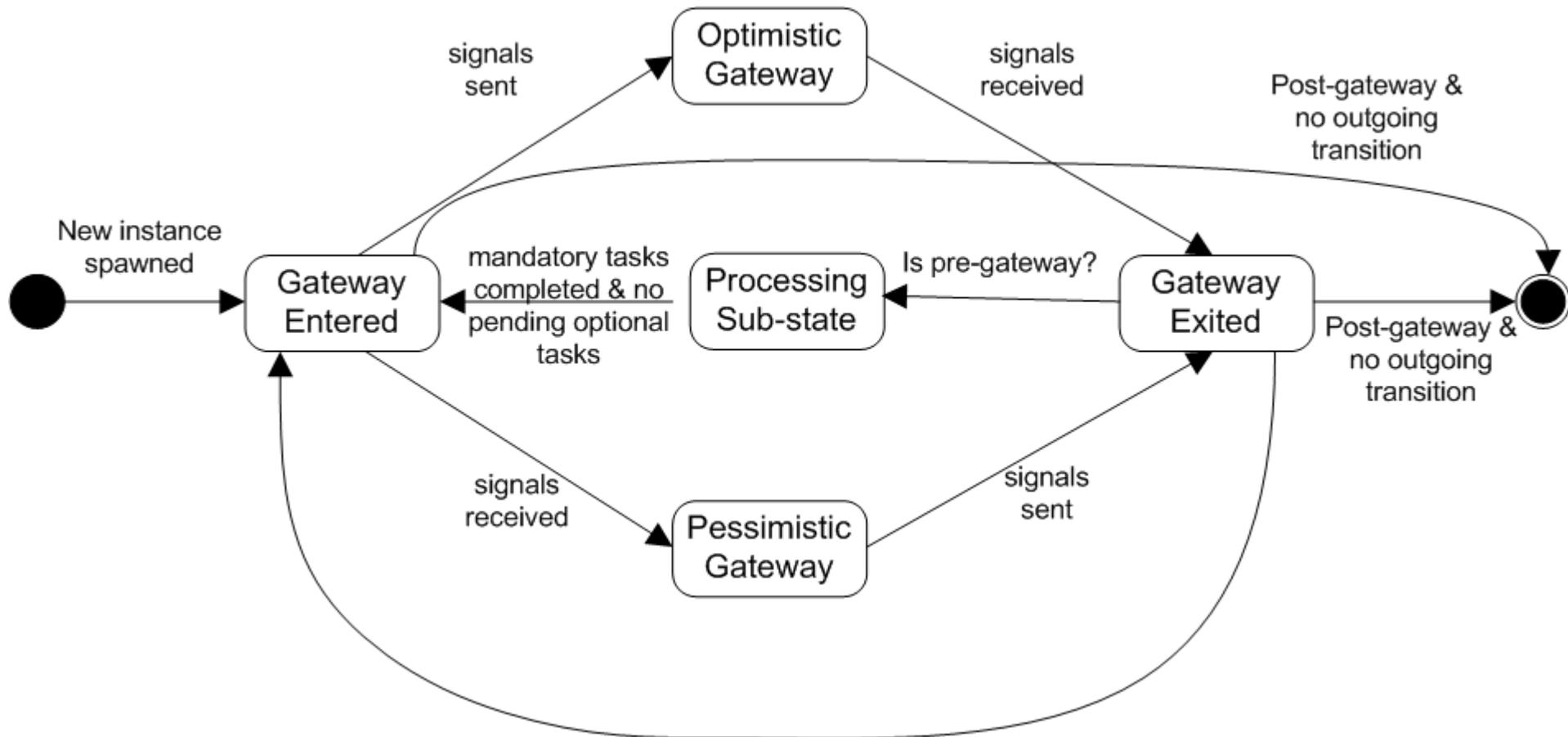
# Base FlowConnect Model (cont.)

- Synchronization time:
  - *Optimistic*: send then receive
  - *Pessimistic*: receive then send
- Synchronization condition
  - Wait-for-one: one signal of any type
  - Wait-for-all: one signal of each type
  - Wait-for-some: condition on the set of received signals

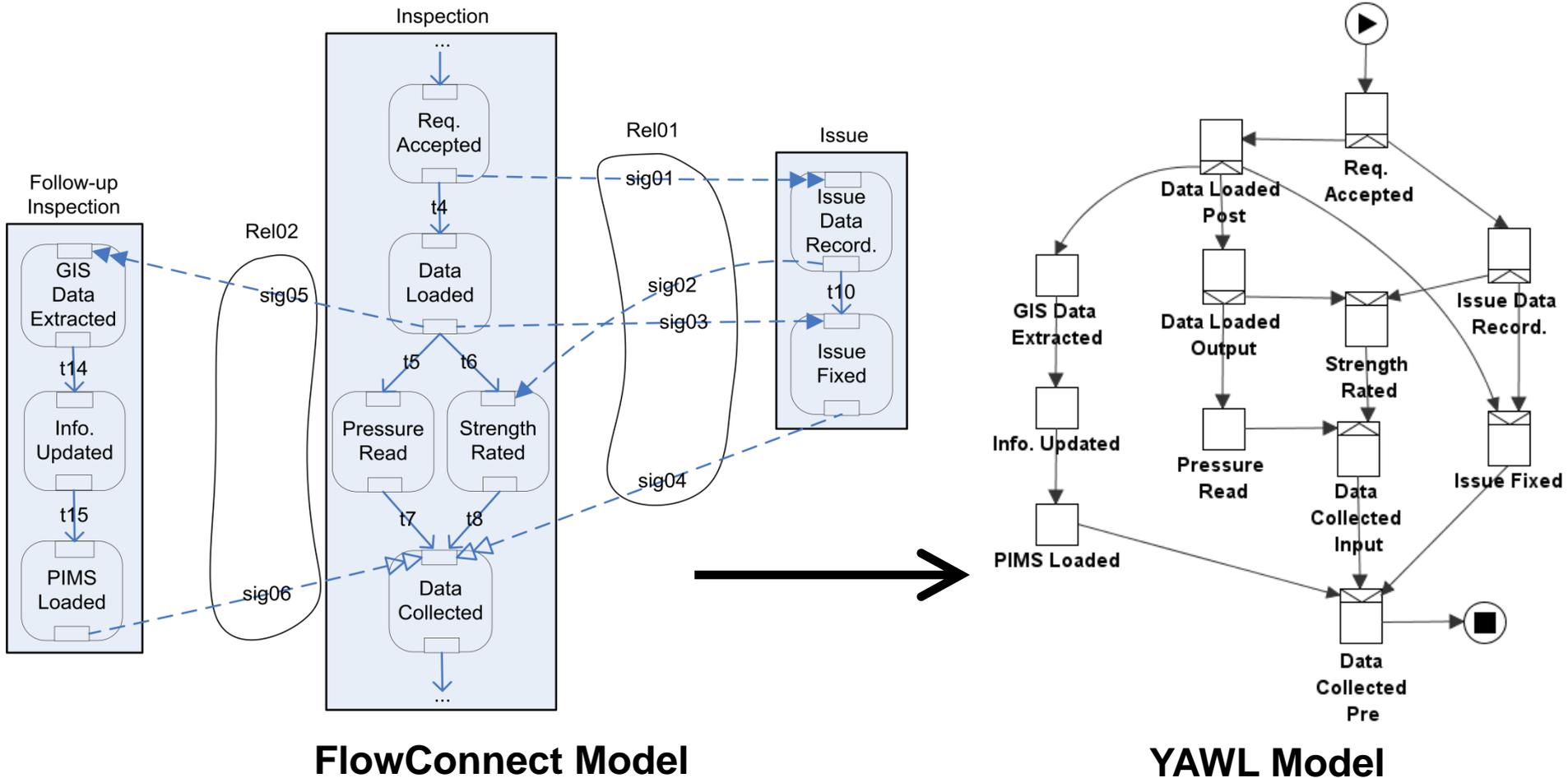
# Base FlowConnect Model (cont.)

- A state may have multiple tasks
  - Compulsory
  - Optional tasks
  - More generally:  $N..M$  constraints ( $M \geq N \geq 0$ )

# Overview of Operational Semantics



# FlowConnect to YAWL



FlowConnect Model

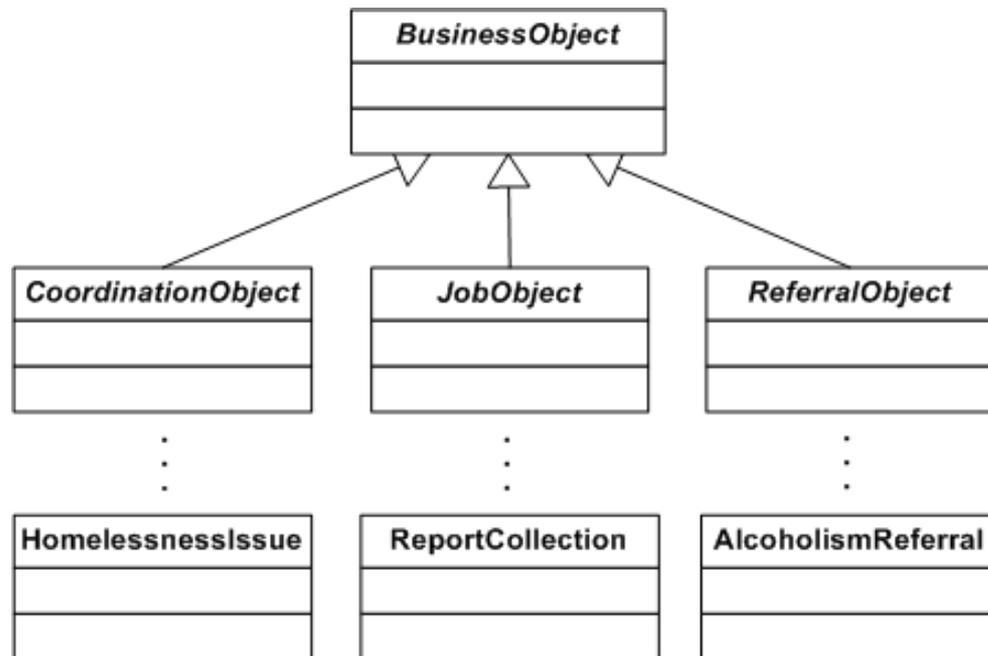
YAWL Model

# Phase 2: Flexibility

- In 2007, FlowConnect engaged in a major project in the human services domain
- Base model was found too rigid, e.g.
  - A Health Assessment process may require additional Tests and Treatments, but we don't know in advance which ones nor when
  - During a homelessness process a social worker may discover additional issues (e.g. alcoholism, drugs) outside the scope of the homelessness process.

# Additional concepts

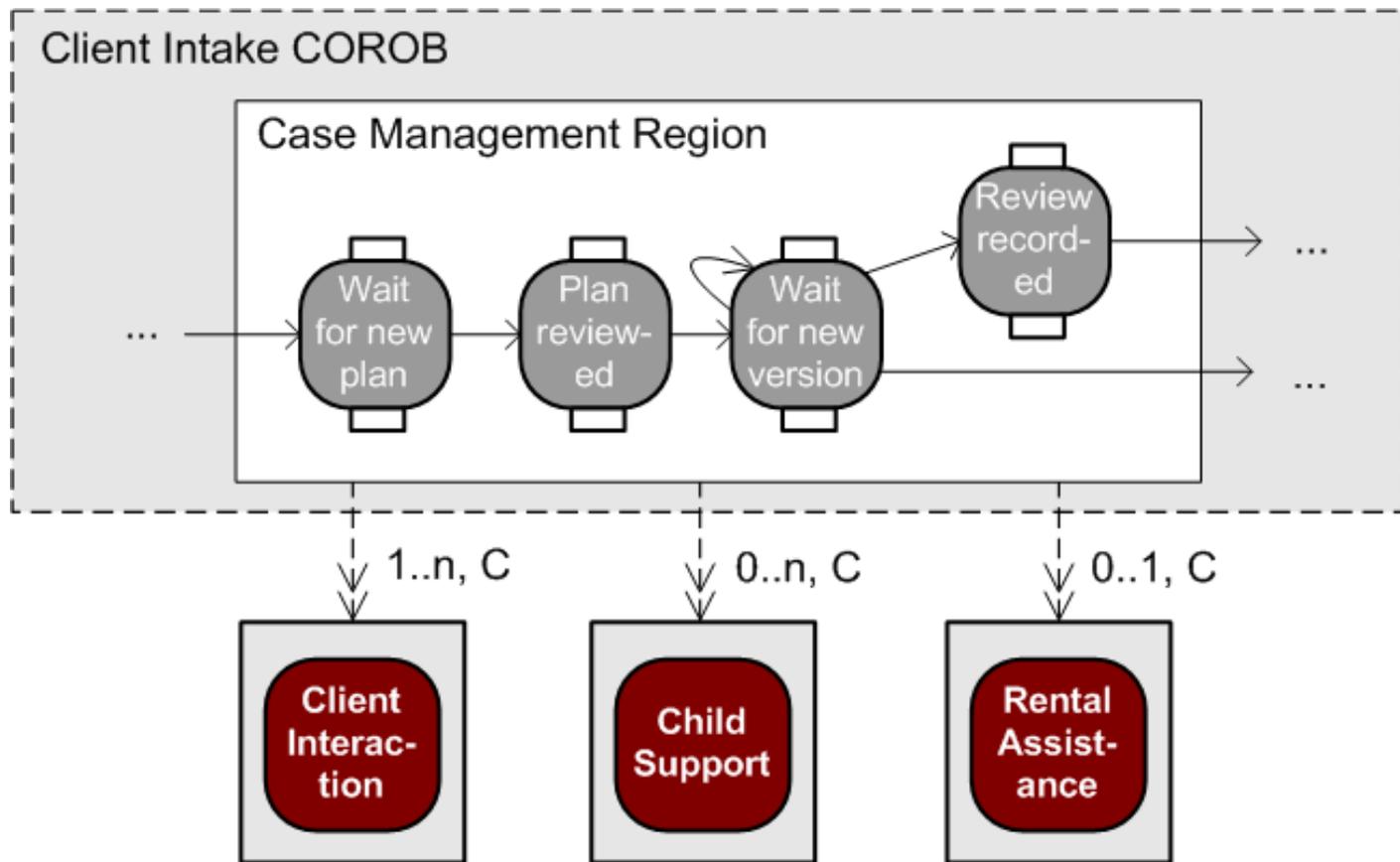
- Distinction between:
  - Coordination objects
  - Job Objects (tasks)
  - Referral objects (for runtime referral)



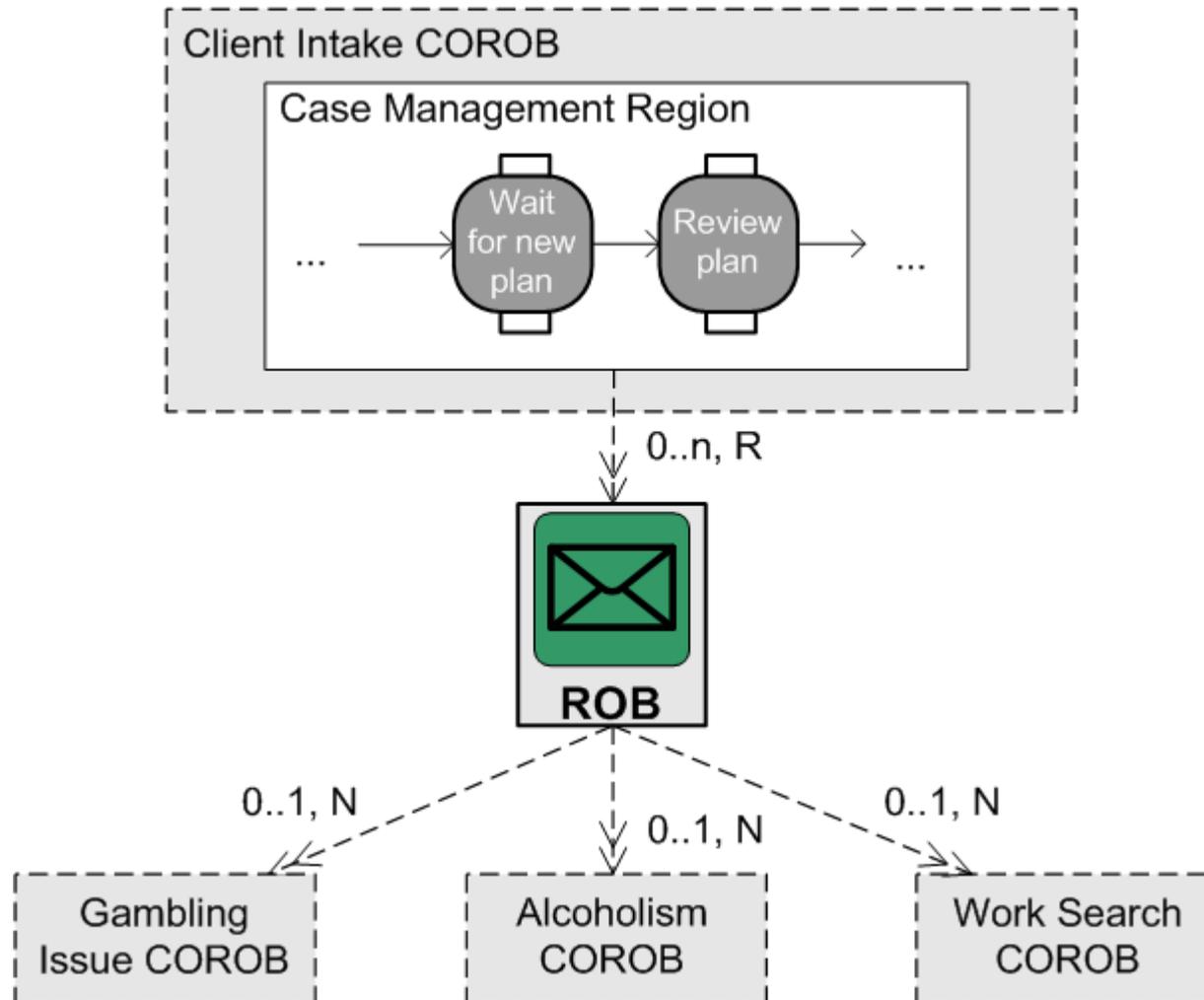
# Additional concepts

- *Creation regions*: grouping of states
- Dynamic (creation) signals
  - Signals that are enabled within the boundaries of a creation region
  - Can be raised anywhere in a creation region (or anywhere in a lifecycle)

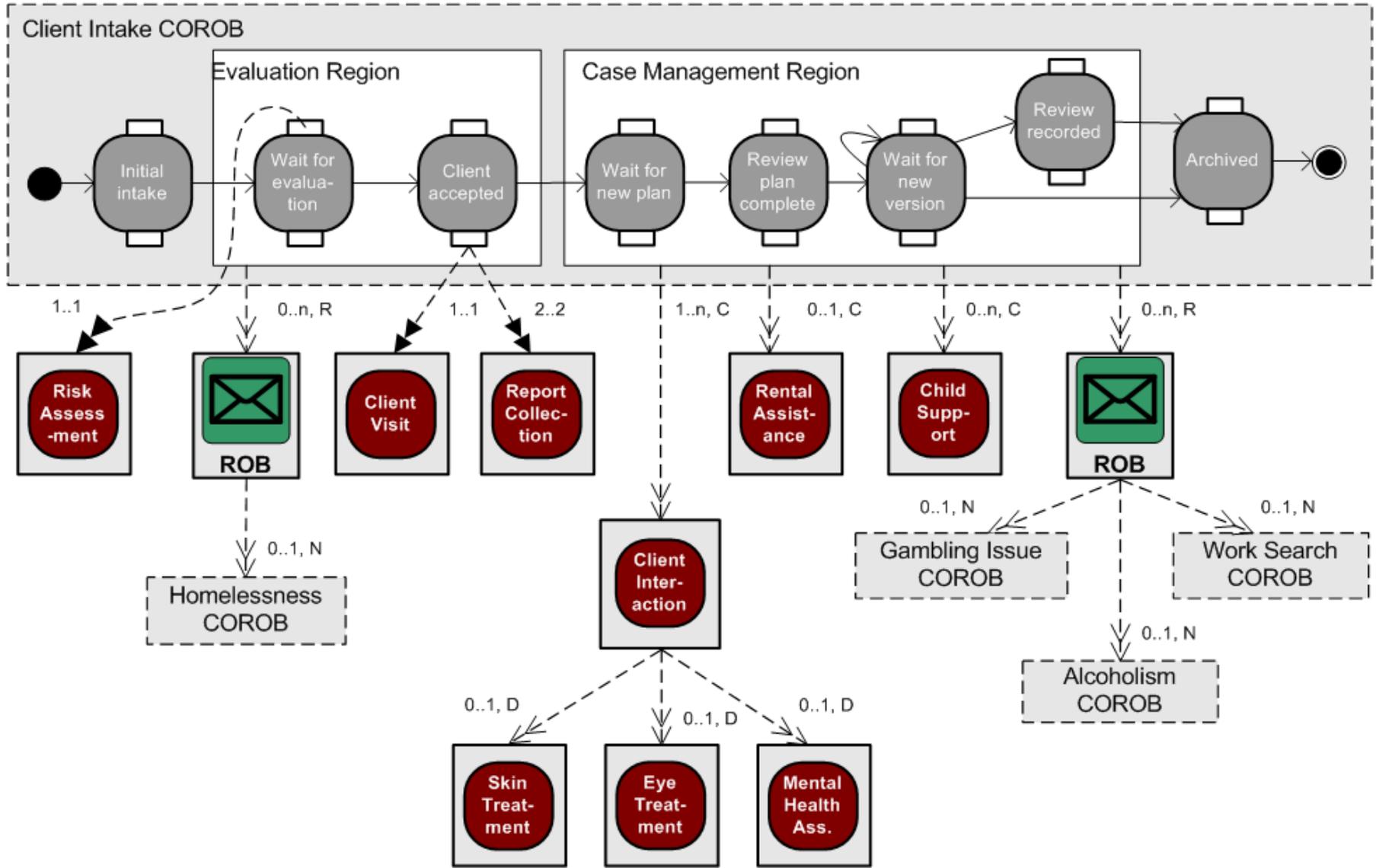
# Direct Creation Flexibility



# Indirect Creation Flexibility



# How it looks at the end...



# Phase 3: Simulation

## ■ Motivation

- Detect bottlenecks (cycle time analysis, resource utilization analysis)

- Costing

  - Assign costs to artifacts

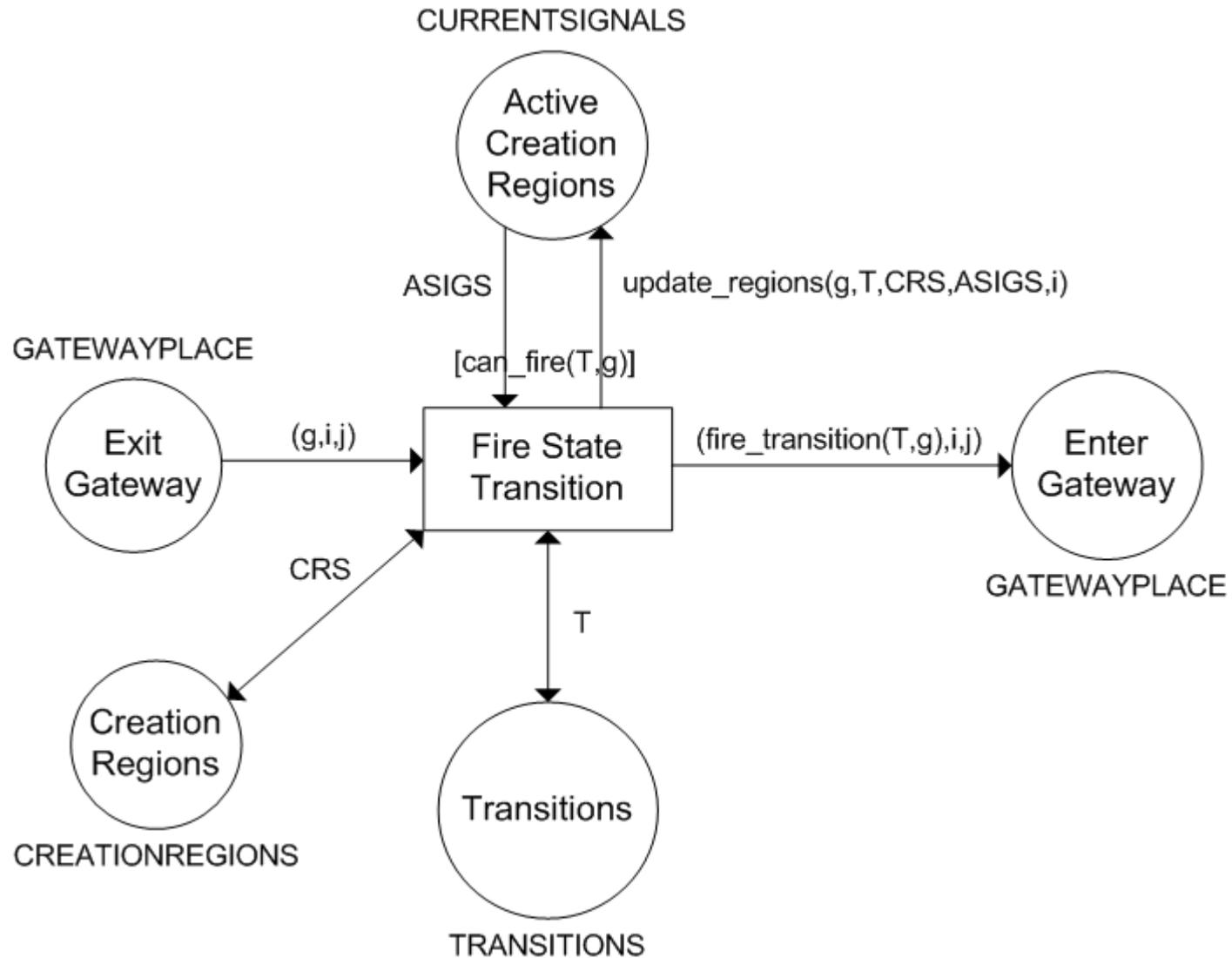
  - Understand how much flexibility costs

## ■ How should simulation specs for object-centric models look like?

# Towards simulation

- Colored Petri Net (CPN) encoding a CPN interpreter
- Tool for transforming FlexConnect models into SML data structures to feed the CPN
- Future: Extending FlexConnect with resource pools, resource capacity, cost, probability distributions for task durations, transition firing, signal sending, etc.

# CPN encoding: Fire Transition



# CPN Encoding: Dynamic Signal

