

# OPERATIONS RESEARCH - TEXT A

EXAM June 11, 2018

## IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY

The grade on the written exam is valid at most for three months.

Check the score of each exercise.

Please note that  YES  NO answers are NOT valid if you do not give an explanation.

**SURNAME**

**NAME**

**GRADE**

I **authorize** the publication (paper and electronic) of the results obtained in the examination in accordance with the Italian Law 675/96 and subsequent amendments

SIGNATURE

I solved the following exercise

1.  (Score 6)
2.  (Score 5)
3.  (Score 8)
4.  (Score 6)
5.  (Score 6)

**ORAL PART: questions**

**GRADE**

**Exercise 1. (Score 6)** Consider the following nonlinear programming problem

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^2} \quad & \frac{1}{2}(x_1^2 + 4x_1x_2 + 3x_2^2) + x_2 \\ & 2x_1 - x_2 \leq 2 \\ & 2x_1 + 3x_2 \geq -6 \\ & x_1 \leq \frac{3}{2} \\ & x_2 \leq \frac{5}{3} \\ & x_1 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Unconstrained problem (score 2)

- (i) **(score 1)** Consider the unconstrained problem (remove the constraints). Find the unconstrained stationary point and determine the nature of the points.
- (ii) **(score 1)** Consider the point  $x^0 = (1, -1)^T$  and write the first iteration of the gradient method with exact line search to obtain the new point  $x^1$

Constrained problem (score 4)

- (iii) **(score 1)** State if the problems is convex or strictly convex or none of the two.
- (iv) **(score 2)** Consider the point  $\hat{x} = (\frac{3}{2}, 1)^T$  and write the KKT conditions in  $\hat{x}$ . Are the KKT conditions satisfied? Evaluate the multipliers
- (v) **(score 1)** Write the system to get a feasible and descent direction in  $\hat{x}$ . Does a solution of the system (namely a feasible and descent direction) exist?

**Exercise 2. (Score 5)** Consider the following Linear programming problem

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & 2x_1 + 6x_2 + \frac{3}{2}x_3 + \frac{5}{3}x_4 \\ & 2x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 \geq 1 \\ & -x_1 - 3x_2 + x_4 = 2 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (i) **(score 2)** Find a a feasible direction along which it is possible to move from  $\hat{x} = (\frac{1}{4}, 0, 4, \frac{9}{4})^T$  finding an additional active constraint. Find the stepsize  $t^{\max}$  and the corresponding new point  $y$ . Is the direction also a descent one?
- (ii) **(score 0,5)** Write the problem in the standard form for the simplex method.
- (iii) **(score 0,5)** Write the auxiliary problem to be solved in Phase I of the simplex method.
- (iv) **(score 1)** Check if the following points are vertex

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (v) **(score 1,25)** Write a BFS for the problems at point (ii) and specify the corresponding matrices  $B$  and  $N$ .

**Exercise 3. (Score 8)** Consider the following Linear programming problem

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & 2x_1 + 6x_2 + \frac{3}{2}x_3 + \frac{5}{3}x_4 \\ & 2x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 \geq 1 \\ & -x_1 - 3x_2 + x_4 = 2 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (i) **(score 1.5)** Write the dual problem
- (ii) **(score 2)** Solve graphically the dual: plot the feasible region, the level lines of the objective function, identify graphically the solution and find its value.
- (iii) **(score 2)** Using duality theory, state if the primal problem has an optimal solution and in the affirmative case find it.
- (iv) **(score 1)** State how the value of the optimal solution change if the rhs of the first constraint change from 1 to  $1 \pm \varepsilon$  with  $\varepsilon > 0$  and sufficiently small.
- (v) **(score 1.5)** State which is the maximum value of  $\varepsilon > 0$  for which the analysis in point (iv) holds.

**Exercise 4. (Score 6)** Consider the following integer linear programming problem

$$\begin{aligned}
 \max \quad & x_1 + 2x_2 \\
 & 2x_1 - x_2 \leq 2 \\
 & 2x_1 + 3x_2 \geq -6 \\
 & x_1 \leq \frac{3}{2} \\
 & x_2 \leq \frac{5}{3} \\
 & x_1 \geq 0 \\
 & x \text{ integer}
 \end{aligned}$$

Let  $(0, 0)^T$  be a feasible point.

- (i) **(score 1)** Report a lower and an upper bound to the optimal value of the objective function.
- (ii) **(score 1)** Write the two subproblem  $\mathcal{P}_1, \mathcal{P}_2$  obtained by branching with respect to the fractional variable  $x_2$
- (iii) **(score 2)** Solve problem  $\mathcal{P}_1$ . Explain if it is possible to update the incumbent and/or to close it (you can use the graphical solution).
- (iv) **(score 2)** Solve problem  $\mathcal{P}_2$ . Explain if it is possible to update the incumbent and/or to close it (you can use the graphical solution).

**Exercise 5. (Score 6)**

Newport manufactures  $M = 3$  type of coffee that are sold on different markets (one for a luxury hotel, one for restaurants, one for supermarkets) by blending  $N = 4$  types of coffee beans.

Each type of coffee  $j = 1, \dots, M$  is characterized by a fixed composition of the  $N$  beans expressed as a percentage  $c_{ij}$  of each component  $i$ -th in the blending (hence we have that

$$\sum_{i=1}^N c_{ij} = 100).$$

The coffees are sold at the prices  $p_j$  (Keuro/ton)  $j = 1, \dots, M$  and each coffee bean has a price  $c_i$  (Keuro/ton)  $i = 1, \dots, N$  reported below.

In addition, you can buy a maximum amount of coffee each week and  $q_i^{max}$  reported in table. The production plant has a weekly production capacity of  $Q^{max} = 100000$  ton per week, which wants to be used to its full potential. The mixtures must be produced and a minimum  $R_j^{\min}$  production (in ton per week) is required for each  $j$  type.

coffee bean	Blend			cost (Keuro/ton)	$q_i^{\max}$ ton
	hotel	restaur.	market		
1	20%	35%	10%	0,6	40000
2	40%	15%	35%	0,8	25000
3	15%	20%	40%	0,5	20000
4	25%	30%	15%	0,7	45000

	Blend		
	hotel	restaur.	market
selling price	1,25	1,50	1,4
$R_j^{\min}$	10000	25000	30000

Write an LP problem to find the optimal blending strategy.